wjec cbac

GCSE MARKING SCHEME

AUTUMN 2017

GCSE MATHEMATICS – NUMERACY UNIT 2 - FOUNDATION TIER 3310U20-1

INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2017 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

GCSE Mathematics – Numeracy Unit 2: Foundation Tier Autumn 2017 FINAL	Mark	Comment
1. (a) (Cost of holiday before extras or discount) 860 ×2 + 500 (=£2220)	M1	The first three method marks may be awarded in any order and may be implied by sub totals or final total before discount.
(Cost of Full Board) 80 ×2 + 55 (=£215)	M1	If M0 M0 awarded, for second M1 allow: (cost for the 2 adults =) $(860 + 80) \times 2$ (=£1880) OR (cost for 1 adult and 1 child =) 860 + 500 + 80 + 55 (= £1495)
(Total cost with upgrades) (2220 + 215) + 115	M1	Allow addition of 2 or 3 lots of 115 for M1 If calculations not shown, FT 'their 2220' + 'their 215' along with 115 or 2 or 3 multiples of 115, provided at least M1 previously awarded. Do not penalise twice for the omission of a cost.
=(£)2550	A1	CAO. Do not award A1 if $(\pounds)2550$ is not the total cost on which discount could be applied.
(Total price after discount) 2550 – 2550 ÷ 10 or equivalent	M1	FT 'their 2550'. Award M1 A0 for any correct method of subtracting 10% from any other relevant cost. M0 if discount is not subtracted from 'their (£)2550'.
=(£)2295	A1	$(L) \ge 0.00$
Organisation and communication Accuracy of writing	OC1	For OC1, candidates will be expected to: • present their response in a structured way • explain to the reader what they are doing at each step of their response • lay out their explanations and working in a way that is clear and logical • write a conclusion that draws together their results and explains what their answer means
	W1	For W1, candidates will be expected to: • show all their working • make few, if any, errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar • use correct mathematical form in their working • use appropriate terminology, units, etc.

 1(b) 5 (hours) 1(c) Suitable criticism given. e.g. 'There is no scale'. 	B2 E1	B1 for 7 (hours) or sight of 20:00 or 8 p.m. NOT 8 or 8 a.m. or sight of 17:00 or 9 (hours) or 22:00 – 15:00 – 2 hours seen or implied. Allow 'There are no numbers'. Ignore incorrect reference to x and y axis.
'The vertical axis does not state °F or °C'. 'No labels on the vertical axis'. 'It does not give specific temperatures'.		
1(d)(i) unlikely	B1	
1(d)(ii) November	B1	
1(e) (i) April or Apr	B1	
1(e)(ii) 8(hours)	B2	B1 for sight of 14 and 6. Figures may be seen from the graph OR B1 for the correct answer to $14 - a$ where $a \le 7$ OR B1 for the correct answer to $b - 6$ where $b \ge 7$.
1(f)(i) (order data) 17, 17, 17, 19, 23, 25, 27, 30, 30, 32, 32, 33 Or identify the two middle numbers, 25 and 27.	M1	Allow omission of one value for M1
26(°C)	A1	CAO Unsupported 26(°C) gets M1A1
 1(f) (ii) Appropriate comment e.g. 'The mode is the lowest temperature'. '17 does not represent the data', 'It is too cold to be the average'. 'It does not use all the data'. 	E1	17 alone gets B0 Allow 'all three values are in the winter months'. 'the lowest temperature is 17'
2. (a) 3.2 ×1800 5760 (cm ²)	M1 A1	Mark final answer.
2. (b) 4860 ÷ 1800 2.7 (kg)	M1 A1	Allow embedded answer

2 (a)(area of but ab 450 00)(12000(am2))	D1	Ignoro irrelovent coloulations
2. (c)(area of hutch 150 ×80 =)12000(cm ²)	B1	Ignore irrelevant calculations
(area needed=) 4860 + 5760 OR (area left for large rabbit =)12000 - 4860 (=7140) OR (area left for small rabbit =)12000 - 5760 (=6240) OR (area left over =)12000 - 4860 - 5760 (=1380)	M1	FT 'their 5760' FT 'their 12 000' where subtraction leads to a positive answer.
10620(cm ²) (so the area is smaller than 12 000cm ²) OR 7140 is greater than 5760 OR 6240 is greater than 4860 OR 1380 (is left over)	A1	FT 'their 12 000' if greater than 10620 Alternative methods: (area of hutch 150 ×80 =)12 000(cm ²) B1 ($3.2 + 2.7$) ×1800. FT their '2.7' M1 10620(cm ²) (smaller than 12 000cm ²) A1 FT 'their 12 000' if greater than 'their 10620' OR (area of hutch 150 ×80 =)12 000(cm ²) B1 (mass of rabbit allowed =)12000 ÷ 1800 M1 = 6.6(6) and comparison with 3.2 + 'their 2.7' A1
3. (a)Two correct answers 16 (ounces butter) 8 (ounces currants)	B1	
 3. (b) Yes, stated or implied, with an explanation. e.g. 'She has enough because 1kg ≈ 2.2 lb. 	E1	Do not award E1 for "yes", without explanation. Allow 'Yes, because 1 kilogram is more than 2 pounds'.
3. (c) (Income from sales of Welsh cakes) 40 × (0.)25 × 12 (£)120(.00) or 12000(p) (Cost of making Welsh cakes) (4(.)50 ×12 =) (£)54 or 5400(p) (Profit=) (£)66	M1 A1 B1 B1	Award M1 A1 for sight of (£)120 or 12000(p). If units given they must be correct FT 'their 120' – 'their 54' if consistent units applied and profit is positive. Answer of 6600(p) implies M1 A1 B1 B0
		Alternative: (Weekly profit =) $40 \times (0.)25 - 4(.)50$ M1 Units must be consistent $=(\pounds)5.5(0)$ or $550(p)$ A1 (Total 12 week Profit=) $5.5(0) \times 12$ M1 FT 'their $5.5(0)$ ' $(\pounds)66$ A1

4(a) Mass of raspberries 4.5(0) ÷ 3.6(0) or 450 ÷ 360	M1	Place value must consistent Allow sight of $3.60 \div 4 = 0.9$ with 3.60 + 0.9 = 4.5 for M1
1.25 (kg)	A1	Accept 1250(g), if units are given they must be correct
		Mark final answer
4 (b) Mass of pears (3 × 1.25 =) 3.75 (kg) or 3750(g)	B1	FT 'their 1.25'
Cost of pears (3.75(0) × 2(.)60 =) (£)9.75 or 975(p)	B1	FT 'their 3.75' provided 3 × 'their 1.25' has been attempted If units are given they must be correct
Total cost of raspberries and pears (£4.50 + £9.75 =) £14.25 or 1425(p)	B1	FT correct evaluation of 4.5(0) + 'their 9.75' May be embedded within correct evaluation of their change
Change (£)5.75 or 575(p)	B1	Allow £5.75p, if units are given must be correct FT provided 4.50 + 'their 9.75' has been attempted
		Example of FT from no answer in (a): B0, B0 then $(\pounds 4.50 + 3 \times \pounds 4.50 =) (\pounds)18$ B1 (Change = 20 - 18 =) $(\pounds)2$ B1
5(a) 0	B1	
5(b) 96	B1	
5(c) 24	B1	Do not accept as a fraction or percentage of any group of pupils, however accept '24 out of '
5(d) French and Spanish	B1	
Reason, e.g. 'more pupils selected both these', '27 selected French and Spanish', 'Only 22 selected Spanish and Mandarin'	E1	Depends on B1 Ignore any incorrect totals, if 27 for French and Spanish stated
,		(Note: S&F 27; M&S 22, M&G 11, G&F10, M&F 8)

6(a) Gives a list of at least 3 year gro 8, 9, (10, 11, 12, 13)', 'reception, 1, 2, (3, 4)', OR states, e.g. 'Year Group boxes', 'Year 7 – Year 11', 'Year 7, Year 8 and so on' 'Year 7 to 9, Years 10 and 11' Gives options, e.g. 'yes, no, (don't care)',	ups, e.g. '7,	B1 B1	<i>In either order</i> Allow if a least 2 groups are given, with no overlaps or repeats, e.g. 'Key Stage 3, Key Stage 4'
'yes, no', 'yes, no, other' OR states, e.g. 'yes and no boxes'			
6(b)(i) Black		B1	
6(b)(ii) Measures the angle 60° =	± 2°	B1	Check diagram FT for $60^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}$ Allow for appropriate sight of 60, e.g. 60/100, $60%$, 60 people, but not as a denominator. Example of inappropriate sight of 60: $300/5 = 60$ or $300 \div 5 = 60$, B0
(Fraction)	60/360	M1	FT 60° \pm 2° but \neq 60° for M1 only Allow sight of 300 × 60/360 or 6/36
	1/6	A1	CAO Allow B1, M1, A0 for an answer of 50 (people) Award B1, M1, A1 for an answer of 1/6 from sight of 360/60
			Alternative: 50/300 M2 1/6 A1
			If no marks, award SC1 for FT 'blue' from (a) for an answer of (75/300 =) ¼ in (b)
7(a) 3.2 hours		B1	
7(b) <u>120</u> 1 hr 15 mins + 2 hrs 15 mins		M1	Allow with incorrect notation for 3 hours 30 minutes, including $120 \div 210$, or $120 \div (1.15 \pm 2.15)$, or 120/3.3(0) or sight of answer of 0.57(mph) or 36.3(63 mph) or 36.4 (mph)
120 ÷ 3.5 or 120 ÷ 210 34²/ ₇ (mph) or 34(.2		M1 A1	Time notation must be correct

M1	12% of 3 063 000 is M0, unless the required calculation (or correct response) is seen Allow M1 for sight of 0.12 × 3 063 000 with 0.3(0) × 3 063 000 only or sight of 367560 with 918 900 only or equivalent
A1 E1	Mark final answer <i>If no marks allow SC1 for use of 2014</i> <i>data with an answer of 371 040</i> Independent mark Do not accept, e.g. '367 560 people who lived in Wales were left-handed' Allow, e.g. 'newspaper report is correct',
M2 A1	M1 for sight of 3 063 000 -1 559 000 (= 1 504 000) CAO. Must be to 1 decimal place Alternative (using number of women): $1 (\times 100) - \frac{1 559 000}{3 063 000} (\times 100)$ M2 3 063 000 49.1(%) A1 If no marks, award SC1 for an answer of 50.9(%) Allow M2, A0 for an answer of 49(%), unsupported or provided no incorrect working seen
M1 A1	(= 927 600) 30% of 3 092 000 is M0, unless the required calculation (or correct response) is seen CAO. Must be to nearest 1000 <i>If no marks allow SC1 for use of 2011</i> <i>data with an answer of 919 000 (must</i>
	A1 E1 M2 A1

8(d)		Penalise incorrect place value for
Sight of 2 × 8 (%) OR use of 12% with left hand men : left hand women is 2 : 1	M1	millions only once
16 ((%) A1	
0.16 × 3 (000 000) or 0.48	m1	FT 'their 16%' provided M1 previously awarded
0.48 million or 480 000 or 4.8 × 10 ⁵	A1	A0 for an answer of 0.48 Mark final answer
		Alternatives: 0.12 × 6 000 000 or 0.24 × 3 000 000 M1 = 720 000 A1
		² / ₃ × 720 000 or 720 000 - 0.08 × 3 000 000 m1 (FT 'their 720 000 provided M1 previously awarded)
		= 480 000 A1
		OR Use of population is 50% male M1 (stated or implied, but not if further incorrect working)
		0.08 × 6 000 000 m1 = 480 000 A2
		(If stated as 480 000 women, then no marks, as no engagement with the question)
		OR
		0.08 × 3 000 000 M1 = 240 000 (left women) A1
		(May be implied later, but needs to be clear working with left handed women if no further working)
		$\times 2 m1$ = 480 000 A1
		= 400 000 AT

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