11.

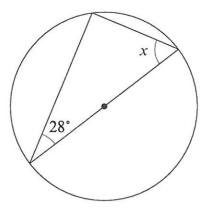


Diagram not drawn to scale

[2]

**19.** Three points *A*, *B* and *C* lie on the circumference of the circle centre *O*. The tangent *RS* meets the circle at *A*.

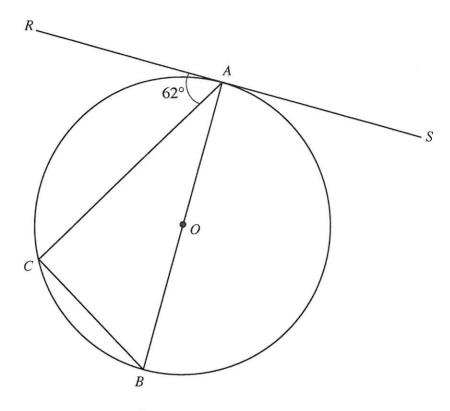


Diagram not drawn to scale.

Giver	at $\widehat{RAC} = 62^{\circ}$ , find the following angles giving reasons for your answers.	
(a)	ĈB	
•••••		•••••
(b)	BC Sec	
***************************************		[3]
		[3]

13.

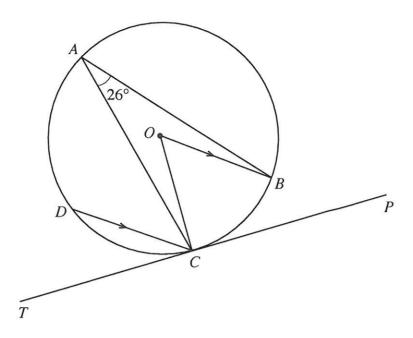


Diagram not drawn to scale.

Four points A, B, C and D lie on the circumference of the circle centre O. The tangent TP touches the circle at C. The radius OB is parallel to DC. Given that  $BAC = 26^{\circ}$ , find **each** of the following angles, giving reasons for your answers.

(a) BÔC	
[]	2]
b) DĈT	
	•••
	2]

(b)

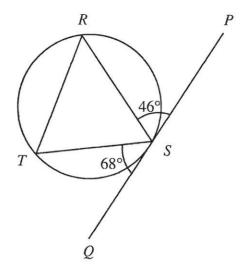


Diagram not drawn to scale.

Three points R, S and T lie on the circumference of the circle. The tangent PQ touches the circle at S.

Find $\widehat{TRS}$ , giving a reason for your answer.

[2]

15. (a)

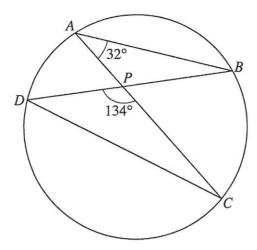


Diagram not drawn to scale.

Four points A, B, C and D lie on the circumference of the circle.

The lines AC and BD intersect at the point P.

Given that  $\overrightarrow{BAC} = 32^{\circ}$  and  $\overrightarrow{DPC} = 134^{\circ}$ , find the size of  $\overrightarrow{ACD}$  giving a reason for your answer.

[2]

(b)

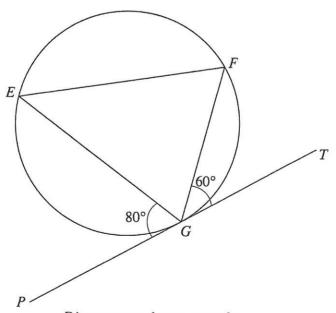


Diagram not drawn to scale.

Three points E, F and G lie on the circumference of the circle. The tangent PT touches the circle at G.

Given that  $\overrightarrow{EGP} = 80^{\circ}$  and  $\overrightarrow{FGT} = 60^{\circ}$ , find the size of  $\overrightarrow{FEG}$  giving a reason for your answer.

20.

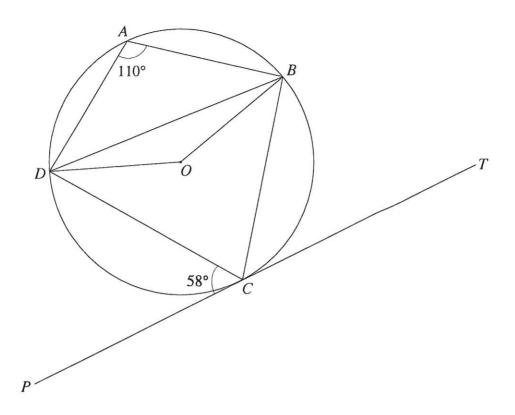


Diagram not drawn to scale.

Four points A, B, C and D lie on the circumference of the circle with centre O. The tangent TP touches the circle at C. Given that  $D\widehat{CP} = 58^{\circ}$  and  $D\widehat{AB} = 110^{\circ}$ , find each of the following angles, giving reasons for your answers.

(a)	Reflex $D\widehat{OB}$	
	$\stackrel{\wedge}{BDC}$	[1]
		 [2]

Examiner only

16. The points A and B lie on the circumference of a circle with centre O. The straight lines PAQ and RBQ are tangents to the circle.

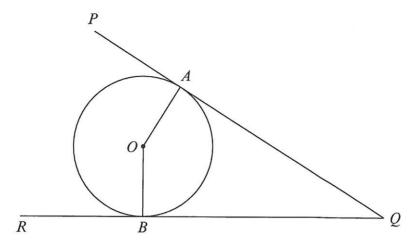


Diagram not drawn to scale

You are given that $AQB = 2x$ , where x is measured in degrees.
Write down the size of $A\widehat{O}Q$ in terms of $x$ . Give reasons in your answer.
[4]



13. The points A, B and C lie on the circumference of a circle.

The straight line PBT is a tangent to the circle and  $\overrightarrow{CBP} = x$ , where x is measured in degrees.

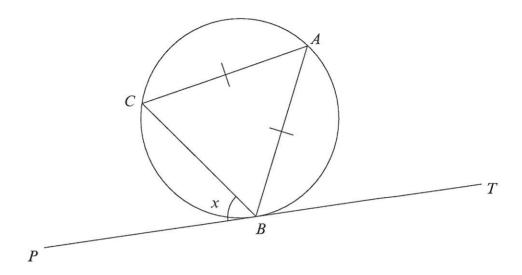


Diagram not drawn to scale

Show, giving reasons in your answer, that the size of $\widehat{ABC}$ in degrees is $90 - \frac{1}{2}x$ .
[2]



**15.** (a)

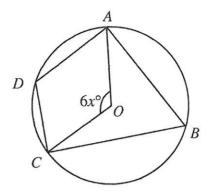


Diagram not drawn to scale.

The diagram shows four points A, B, C and D lying on the circumference of a circle centre O with  $AOC = 6x^{\circ}$ .

Find an expression for each of the following angles in terms of x.

(i)	$\widehat{ABC}$	
	ADC	[1
		•••••
***************************************		Γ1