

GCSE Mathematics Unit 2: Intermediate Tier	Marks	Comments
8. (a) 4·38 (b) 81 000 (c) 0.074	B2 B1 B1 4	B1 for 4·37(7.....)
9. (a) Correct reflection in $x = 1$ (b) <u>Clockwise rotation of 90° about the origin.</u>	B2 B3 5	B1 for reflection in $y = 1$ or for sight of line $x = 1$. For all four components. B2 for any three, B1 for any two. (Penalise '¼ turn' -1 only.)
10. Total of interior angles $5 \times 180(^{\circ})$ $= 900(^{\circ})$ 900 – sum of 4 angles given (594°) (=306) $\div 3$ (Each of the 3 angles is) $102(^{\circ})$	M1 A1 M1 m1 A1 5	Or equivalent full method F.T. 'their 900' provided >594 Unique division by 3, no further operations Alternative: Corresponding exterior angles are $66(^{\circ})$, $30(^{\circ})$, $20(^{\circ})$ and $10(^{\circ})$ B1 Remaining exterior angles = $360 - \text{sum of exterior angles found } (126^{\circ}) (=234^{\circ})$ M1 $\div 3$ m1 (Each of the remaining 3 exterior angles =) $78(^{\circ})$ A1 (Each of the remaining 3 interior angles =) $102(^{\circ})$ A1 F.T. provided B1, M1, m1, 180 – 'their 78'
11. (a) $2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3.$ $2^4 \times 3^2$ (b) (i) 12 OR $2^2 \times 3$ (ii) 720 OR $2^4 \times 3^2 \times 5$	M1 A1 B1 B1 5	For a method that produces 2 prime factors from the set {2,2,2,2,3,3}. C.A.O. for the sight of the six correct factors and no extras (ignore 1s). F.T. their answer if at least one index form used with at least a square. Allow $(2^4)(3^2)$ or $2^4 \cdot 3^2$. Inclusion of 1 as a factor is B0. F.T. 'their answer to (a)' if of equivalent difficulty. F.T. 'their answer to (a)' if of equivalent difficulty.
12.(a) $2n < 11$ $n < 11/2$ OR $n < 5.5$ (b) 5	B1 B1 B1 3	Use of '=' is B0 unless restored for final answer. Implies 1 st B1. F.T. their answer to (.a)
13. One correct evaluation $4 \leq x \leq 5$ 2 correct evaluations $4.65 \leq x \leq 4.85$, one < 0 one > 0 . 2 correct evaluations $4.75 \leq x \leq 4.85$, one < 0 one > 0 . $x = 4.8$	B1 B1 M1 A1 4	<i>Correct evaluation regarded as enough to identify if negative or positive. If evaluations not seen accept 'too high' or 'too low'.</i> $x \quad x^3 - 7x - 75$ 4 -39 4.1 -34.779 4.2 -30.312 4.3 -25.593 4.4 -20.616 4.5 -15.375 4.6 -9.864 4.65 $-7.005...$ 4.7 -4.077 4.75 $-1.078...$ 4.8 1.992 4.85 $5.134...$ 4.9 8.349 5 15

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14.(a) 0.35 0.8 0.2 0.8 on the correct branches (b) $0.65 \times 0.2 = 0.13$	B2 M1 A1 4	B1 for any two correct entries. Accept fractions
15. Sight of (Perimeter of bed A=) $2x + 2y = 18$ AND (Perimeter of bed B=) $4x + 2y + 6 = 34$ or equivalent Correct method to solve equations simultaneously. $x = 5$ $y = 4$ (Area of B =) $10 \times 7 = 70(\text{m}^2)$ Organisation and communication Accuracy of writing	B1 M1 A1 A1 M1 A1 OC1 W1 8	F.T. 'their equations' if of equivalent difficulty. Both values consistent with 'their equations'. F.T. 'their derived values for x and y '. $2x \times (y + 3)$
16. $(x - 5)(x + 4)$ $x = 5$ AND $x = -4$	B2 B1 3	B1 for $(x \dots 5)(x \dots 4)$. Strict F.T. from their brackets
17. (a) (0, 2) (b) 7 units (c) $y = \frac{-x}{7} + 3$	B1 B1 B1 3	
18. (a) $AD = 16 \times \sin 56^\circ = 13.2(64\dots)(\text{cm})$ OR $13.3(\text{cm})$ (b) (EC =) $9.7(\dots)$ $\tan x = \frac{9.7(\dots)}{15}$ $x = 32.9\dots(^\circ)$ or $33(^\circ)$	M2 A1 B1 M1 A1 6	M1 for $\sin 56^\circ = AD/16$ C.A.O. Allow 13 from correct work but penalise final answer -1 for premature approximation F.T. $23 -$ 'their AD '. F.T. 'their EC '

UNIT 2: CALCULATOR-ALLOWED, FOUNDATION TIER
GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS for MARKING GCSE Mathematics

1. The mark scheme should be applied precisely and no departure made from it. Marks should be awarded directly as indicated and no further subdivision made.

2. Marking Abbreviations

The following may be used in marking schemes or in the marking of scripts to indicate reasons for the marks awarded.

cao = correct answer only

MR = misread

PA = premature approximation

bod = benefit of doubt

oe = or equivalent

si = seen or implied

ISW = ignore subsequent working

F.T. = follow through (✓ indicates correct working following an error and ✘ indicates a further error has been made)

Anything given in brackets in the marking scheme is expected but, not required, to gain credit.

3. Premature Approximation

A candidate who approximates prematurely and then proceeds correctly to a final answer loses 1 mark as directed by the Principal Examiner.

4. Misreads

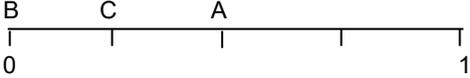
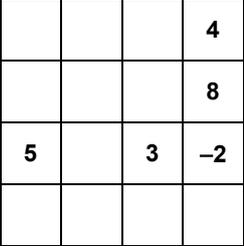
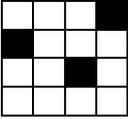
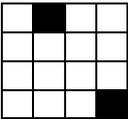
When the data of a question is misread in such a way as not to alter the aim or difficulty of a question, follow through the working and allot marks for the candidates' answers as on the scheme using the new data.

This is only applicable if a wrong value, is used consistently throughout a solution; if the correct value appears anywhere, the solution is not classed as MR (but may, of course, still earn other marks).

5. Marking codes

- 'M' marks are awarded for any correct method applied to appropriate working, even though a numerical error may be involved. Once earned they cannot be lost.
- 'm' marks are dependant method marks. They are only given if the relevant previous 'M' mark has been earned.
- 'A' marks are given for a numerically correct stage, for a correct result or for an answer lying within a specified range. They are only given if the relevant M/m mark has been earned either explicitly or by inference from the correct answer.
- 'B' marks are independent of method and are usually awarded for an accurate result or statement.
- 'S' marks are awarded for strategy
- 'E' marks are awarded for explanation
- 'U' marks are awarded for units
- 'P' marks are awarded for plotting points
- 'C' marks are awarded for drawing curves

UNIT 2: CALCULATOR-ALLOWED, FOUNDATION TIER

GCSE Mathematics Unit 2: Foundation Tier	Marks	Comments
1. (Profit =) $84 \times (\pounds)5 - (\pounds)120$ $= (\pounds)300$	M1 A1 2	For correct substitution.
2. (a) Diameter (b) Tangent (c) Trapezium	B1 B1 B1 3	
3. (a)  (b) $\frac{7}{8}$	B3 B1 4	Accept names e.g. Wales (A), France (B), England (C) B1 for each. Accept C roughly between 1/8 and 3/8.
4. 	B3 3	For all five correct entries. B2 for three or four correct entries. B1 for two correct entries
5. (a) (i)  (ii)  (b) 2	B1 B1 B1 3	Only these three squares to be shaded. Only these two squares to be shaded. SC1 if reflections in <u>both</u> cases are correct but extra squares have been shaded.