

_	
Leave	
Louve	
blank	

1. On a randomly chosen day the probability that Bill travels to school by car, by	y bicycle
or on foot is $\frac{1}{2}$ , $\frac{1}{6}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$ respectively. The probability of being late when using	ng these
methods of travel is $\frac{1}{5}$ , $\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{1}{10}$ respectively.	
(a) Draw a tree diagram to represent this information.	(3)
(b) Find the probability that on a randomly chosen day	
(i) Bill travels by foot and is late,	
(ii) Bill is not late.	(4)
(c) Given that Bill is late, find the probability that he did not travel on foot.	(4)

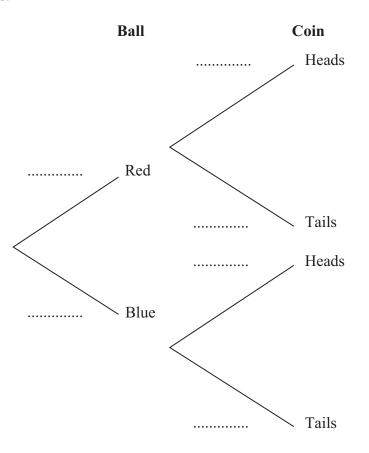
		Lea bla
2. (a) Given that $P(A) = a$ and $P(B) = b$ express $P(A \cup B)$ in terms of $a$ and $b$ when		
<ul><li>(i) A and B are mutually exclusive,</li><li>(ii) A and B are independent.</li></ul>		
(ii) It and B are independent.	(2)	
Two events $R$ and $Q$ are such that		
$P(R \cap Q') = 0.15$ , $P(Q) = 0.35$ and $P(R Q) = 0.1$		
Find the value of		
(b) $P(R \cup Q)$ ,		
	(1)	
(c) $P(R \cap Q)$ ,	(2)	
$(A)$ $\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{p})$	(2)	
(d) $P(R)$ .	(2)	

**3.** An experiment consists of selecting a ball from a bag and spinning a coin. The bag contains 5 red balls and 7 blue balls. A ball is selected at random from the bag, its colour is noted and then the ball is returned to the bag.

When a red ball is selected, a biased coin with probability  $\frac{2}{3}$  of landing heads is spun.

When a blue ball is selected a fair coin is spun.

(a) Complete the tree diagram below to show the possible outcomes and associated probabilities.



**(2)** 

Shivani selects a ball and spins the appropriate coin.

(b) Find the probability that she obtains a head.

**(2)** 

Given that Tom selected a ball at random and obtained a head when he spun the appropriate coin,

(c) find the probability that Tom selected a red ball.

**(3)** 

Shivani and Tom each repeat this experiment.

(d) Find the probability that the colour of the ball Shivani selects is the same as the colour of the ball Tom selects.

**(3)** 

Leave blank

4. The Venn diagram in Figure 1 shows the number of students in a class who read any of 3 popular magazines A, B and C.

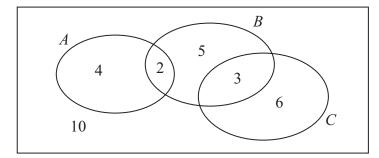


Figure 1

One of these students is selected at random.

- (a) Show that the probability that the student reads more than one magazine is  $\frac{1}{6}$ . **(2)**
- (b) Find the probability that the student reads A or B (or both). **(2)**
- (c) Write down the probability that the student reads both A and C.

**(1)** 

Given that the student reads at least one of the magazines,

(d) find the probability that the student reads C. **(2)** 

(e) Determine whether or not reading magazine B and reading magazine C are statistically independent. **(3)** 

Leave	
blank	

5. A group of office workers were questioned for a health magazine and $\frac{2}{5}$ were found to	)
take regular exercise. When questioned about their eating habits $\frac{2}{3}$ said they always ear	t
breakfast and, of those who always eat breakfast $\frac{9}{25}$ also took regular exercise.	
Find the probability that a randomly selected member of the group	
(a) always eats breakfast and takes regular exercise, (2)	)
(b) does not always eat breakfast and does not take regular exercise. (4)	)
(c) Determine, giving your reason, whether or not always eating breakfast and taking regular exercise are statistically independent.	
(2)	

Leave blank

6.	There are 180 students at a college following a general course in computing. Students or
	this course can choose to take up to three extra options.

112 take systems support,

70 take developing software,

81 take networking,

35 take developing software and systems support,

28 take networking and developing software,

40 take systems support and networking,

4 take all three extra options.

(a) In the space below, draw a Venn diagram to represent this information.

**(5)** 

A student from the course is chosen at random.

Find the probability that this student takes

(b) none of the three extra options,

**(1)** 

(c) networking only.

**(1)** 

Students who want to become technicians take systems support and networking. Given that a randomly chosen student wants to become a technician,

(d) find the probability that this student takes all three extra options.

**(2)** 



Leave blank

- **7.** A jar contains 2 red, 1 blue and 1 green bead. Two beads are drawn at random from the jar without replacement.
  - (a) In the space below, draw a tree diagram to illustrate all the possible outcomes and associated probabilities. State your probabilities clearly.

**(3)** 

(b) Find the probability that a blue bead and a green bead are drawn from the jar.

**(2)**