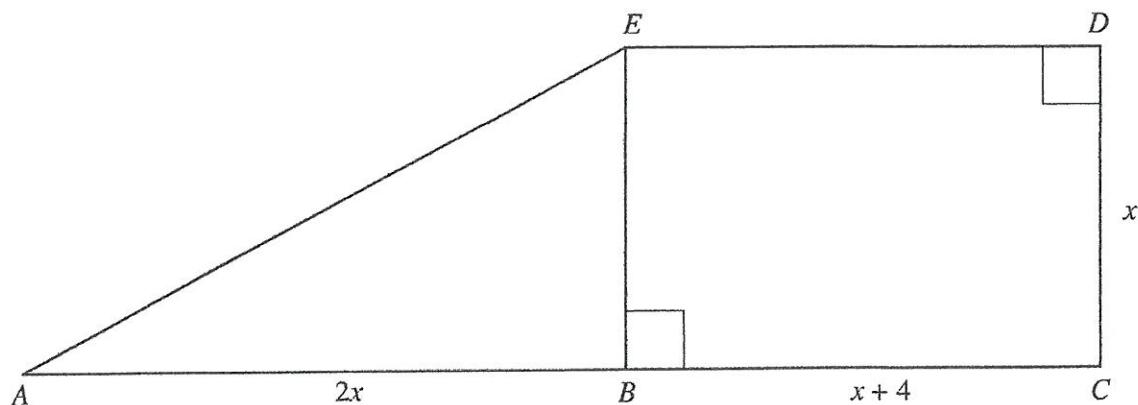


11. (a) In the diagram ABC is a straight line and $BCDE$ is a rectangle. The side DC is of length x cm, BC is of length $(x + 4)$ cm and AB is of length $2x$ cm.



The diagram is not drawn to scale and the measurements are in centimetres.

The area of the whole shape $ABCDE$ is 48 cm^2 .

Giving full details of all your working, show clearly that x satisfies the equation

$$x^2 + 2x - 24 = 0.$$

$$\text{Area of rectangle} = (x+4) \times x = x^2 + 4x$$

$$\text{Area of } \Delta = \frac{1}{2} \times 2x \times x = x^2$$

$$\text{Total Area} = \text{Area of } \Delta + \text{Area of } \square = x^2 + x^2 + 4x = 48$$

$$2x^2 + 4x - 48 = 0$$

$$\div 2 \quad x^2 + 2x - 24 = 0$$

[2]

- (b) Solve the equation to find the length of DC .

$$x^2 + 2x - 24 = 0$$

$$(x+6)(x-4) = 0$$

$$\text{either } x+6=0 \quad \text{or } x-4=0$$

$$x = -6 \times$$

$$x = 4 \checkmark$$

Can't have negative length

$$\text{So } x = 4 = DC$$

[2]

17. The diagram shows a trapezium.

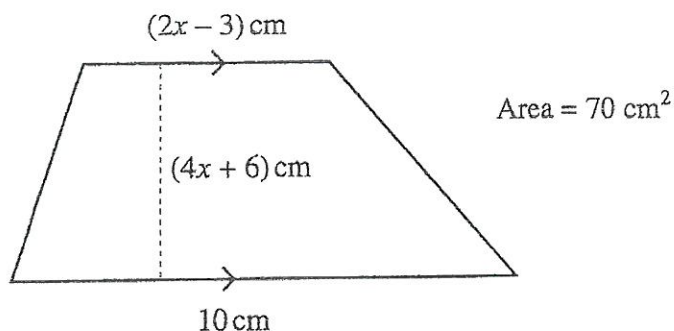


Diagram not drawn to scale.

The parallel sides of a trapezium are of lengths 10 cm and $(2x - 3) \text{ cm}$. The height of the trapezium is $(4x + 6) \text{ cm}$ and its area is 70 cm^2 .

- (a) Show that $4x^2 + 20x - 49 = 0$.

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} (10 + 2x - 3) \times (4x + 6) = 70$$

$$\times 2 \quad (2x + 7)(4x + 6) = 140$$

$$8x^2 + 12x + 28x + 42 = 140$$

$$8x^2 + 40x - 98 = 0$$

$$\div 2 \quad 4x^2 + 20x - 49 = 0$$

[3]

- (b) Use the quadratic formula to solve the equation $4x^2 + 20x - 49 = 0$. Give your answers correct to one decimal place.

$$a=4 \quad b=20 \quad c=-49$$

$$x = \frac{-20 \pm \sqrt{20^2 - 4(4)(-49)}}{2(4)}$$

$$x = \frac{-20 \pm \sqrt{1184}}{8}$$

$$\text{either } x = \frac{-20 + \sqrt{1184}}{8} = 1.8 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{or } x = \frac{-20 - \sqrt{1184}}{8} = -6.8 \quad \times$$

$$x = 1.8$$

[3]

- (c) Hence write down the height of the trapezium.

$$\text{height } 4(1.8) + 6 = 13.2 \text{ cm}$$

[1]

19. The diagram shows a hexagonal prism.

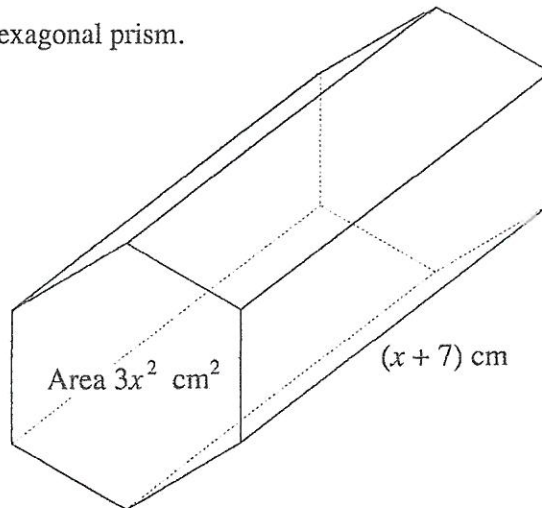


Diagram not drawn to scale.

The area of the cross-section of the prism is $3x^2 \text{ cm}^2$ and the length of the prism is $(x + 7) \text{ cm}$. The volume of the prism is $(3x^3 + 2x + 1) \text{ cm}^3$.

- (a) Show that $21x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Volume} &= 3x^2 \times (x+7) = 3x^3 + 2x + 1 \\ 3x^3 + 21x^2 - 3x^3 - 2x - 1 &= 0 \\ 21x^2 - 2x - 1 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

[2]

- (b) Use the quadratic formula to solve $21x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$, giving solutions correct to two decimal places.

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 21 \quad b = -2 \quad c = -1 \\ x &= \frac{-(-2) \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(21)(-1)}}{2(21)} \end{aligned}$$

$$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{88}}{42}$$

$$\text{either } x = \frac{2 + \sqrt{88}}{42} = 0.27 \checkmark$$

$$\text{or } x = \frac{2 - \sqrt{88}}{42} = -0.18 \times \text{length}$$

[3]

- (c) Hence evaluate the volume of the prism, giving your answer correct to one decimal place.

$$3(0.27)^3 + 2(0.27) + 1 = 1.6$$

[1]

Turn over.



19. For the first x seconds of a journey the average speed of a cyclist is 4 m/s . For the next $(5x + 2)$ seconds the average speed is $x \text{ m/s}$. The total distance travelled is 128 metres .

(a) Show that x satisfies the equation $5x^2 + 6x - 128 = 0$.

dist in first part of journey = $4 \times x = 4x$

$$\therefore 2x^2 + 0x + 0 = x \times (5x + 2) = 5x^2 + 2x$$

$$\text{Total Dist} = 4x + 5x^2 + 2x = 128$$

$$5x^2 + 6x - 128 = 0$$

[3]

(b) Use the formula method to solve the equation $5x^2 + 6x - 128 = 0$, giving solutions correct to one decimal place.

$$a=5 \quad b=6 \quad c=-128$$

$$x = \frac{-(-6) \pm \sqrt{(-6)^2 - 4(5)(-128)}}{2(5)}$$

$$x = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{2596}}{10}$$

entweder $x = \frac{-6 + \sqrt{2546}}{10} = 4.5 \quad \checkmark$

or $x = \frac{-6 - \sqrt{2596}}{10} = -5.7$ x can't have negative time.

[3]

(c) Hence find the total time for the journey.

$$x + (5x + 2)$$

$$4.5 + (5(4.5) + 2) = 29 \text{ seconds.}$$

[1]



16. For the first x seconds of a journey the average speed of a cyclist is 3 m/s. For the next $(3x + 2)$ seconds the average speed is $7x$ m/s. The total distance travelled is 250 metres.

(a) Show that x satisfies the equation $21x^2 + 17x - 250 = 0$.

$$\text{dist in first part} = 3 \times x = 3x$$

$$\text{dist in 2nd part} = 7x \times (3x + 2) = 21x^2 + 14x$$

$$\text{Total Dist} = 3x + 21x^2 + 14x = 250$$

$$21x^2 + 17x - 250 = 0$$

[3]

(b) Use the formula method to solve the equation $21x^2 + 17x - 250 = 0$, giving solutions correct to two decimal places.

$$a = 21 \quad b = 17 \quad c = -250$$

$$x = \frac{-17 \pm \sqrt{(17)^2 - 4(21)(-250)}}{2(21)}$$

$$x = \frac{-17 \pm \sqrt{21289}}{42}$$

$$\text{either } x = \frac{-17 + \sqrt{21289}}{42} = 3.07 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{or } x = \frac{-17 - \sqrt{21289}}{42} = -3.88 \quad \times \text{ time can't be negative}$$

[3]

(c) Hence find the total time for the journey.

$$\text{Total time } x + 3x + 2$$

$$3.07 + 3(3.07) + 2 = 14.28 \text{ sec}$$

[2]